



WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1906.

IN HIS SPEECH at Spotsylvania C. H. on Monday Governor Montague said:

Senator Martin had never made a public speech, never written a public article and had never held a public office, when he was elected Senator; that General Hunt was displaced by the inexperienced Martin to meet him in debate to show the people of Virginia what he had done; he has not originated any measure of importance and has not supported any except by his vote. There is no need for parliamentary form in the Senate. Human liberty has never been perfected by silence. It requires that a man should sleep in the open and work in the open. This Senator Martin has not done. We do not need a press and department runner in the Senate, but we do need a Senator. If a clerk or a department runner were needed, one could be secured for less than \$5,000 a year.

This manner of speech was not expected by the friends of Governor Montague; it was undignified and without force with thinking men and ere long he will find out his mistake. The greatest claim Senator Martin has upon the people of the State is that he has let others do the talking while he did the work, and the man who says that Senator Martin has not been one of the most useful and valuable representatives Virginia ever had in the Senate, simply does not know what he is talking about.

SENATOR MARTIN'S friends in this city, presumably with the Senator's knowledge and approval, have decided not to organize a Martin club here. This is sensible and will doubtless be approved of by the supporters of Senator Martin who, it is risking nothing to say, are largely in the majority in Alexandria. Politics is being run into the ground and people are getting tired of politics all the time. If there are Martin clubs, there will be Montague clubs; then Swanson, Willard, Mann, Caton, Ellyson, Bland, Anderson and other clubs all the way down the line, which would in time become nauseating. Senator Martin is a tried and true democrat and will submit his name for a return to the Senate to the democratic voters of the State in a friendly contest, at the same time avoiding all means or methods that might in the slightest degree cause petty factional differences or ill feeling in his party. Rival clubs in the same party are bound to bring about dissensions and a house divided against itself must fall.

THE provisions of the Santo Domingo treaty, it is said in Washington, will be executed as soon as possible. The fact that the Senate has not acted upon it will not restrain the administration. Unofficial action has already been taken looking to the appointment of an international commission to adjudicate the claims against the Dominican government. It is assumed that every claim pending has been swelled to enormous proportions, with the idea that there is to be a general looting of the Dominican treasury. The American claims are no exception to the assumption. It is asserted that the cash actually invested in Santo Domingo by the Santo Domingo Improvement Company amounted to only \$1,500. On that investment the company has received an arbitral award amounting to substantially \$4,500,000. The arbitration was merely as to how the claim should be paid.

THERE is said to be some guessing in Washington as to the amounts which Messrs. Morgan, Treat, Park Agnew and other deposed federal officeholders, as well as Wray Knight, Brown Allen, Asa Rogers and others, whose heads are to be cut off, will contribute to the fund the republicans propose to raise through Mr. Slem's 5 per cent. assessment circular, and use in fulfilling the promise made the President that the Governor of Virginia to be elected this fall shall be a republican. Well, the Bible teaches that when your enemies smite you on one cheek you must turn the other, but there are few who believe that this injunction applies to politics—and Messrs. Agnew, Treat and the other deposed officeholders are human.

ENEMIES of Joseph Leiter are now suspected of having caused the explosion in the mine at Zeigler, Ill., Monday, causing the death of 35 men. Former State Mine Inspector Evans Johns finally succeeded yesterday in making a tour of the mine, but was taken out almost dead. He has given out a statement that the explosion was not caused by gas, but was a powder explosion, just south of the main hoisting shaft. Most people will prefer to believe that the explosion was the result of an accident and was not caused by Mr. Leiter's enemies, as it is to be hoped that no class of men are so devoid of humanity as to perpetrate such a deed.

FOUR STATES—Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois—were passed over by Mr. Roosevelt yesterday, with a two-hour stop at Louisville, where he delivered a notable address upon the unity of the nation, received a rebel yell,

participated in a parade and was presented with several handsome Lincoln mementoes. It is useless to deny the President's popularity among the masses and his trip through the southwest seems to be a triumphant tour.

GERMAN MEDICAL experts affirm that excessive mental and bodily exertion, as well as lack of food and cleanliness, predispose to attacks of meningitis. In other words, nature's laws must be obeyed, or the penalties will be inexorably inflicted—a fact of which, by this time, humanity ought to be aware. The doctors sometimes may get a stay of proceedings, but rarely a reprieve, for the patient who has ignored these laws.

THE results of official food tests have been so widely published that intelligent and well-to-do consumers may be able to avoid certain fraudulent articles. But the great majority, after all, are virtually compelled to buy what is offered. Dishonesty in the manufacture of food products is deserving of more general and drastic punishment than it, unfortunately, is likely to incur.

IT is understood that Secretary Taft is the administration preference for the presidency at the end of the present term. Whilst the secretary is "sitting on the lid" for the next sixty days, says the Philadelphia Record, the country will have an opportunity to take his gauge.

From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, D. C., April 5. "Asia for the Asiatics?" "The Philippines for the Filipinos?" "Japan as the conservator of a Monroe doctrine for the far East?" these are the cries adopted by the Hong Kong Junta of Filipinos, irreconcilables who make their homes in Hong Kong and refuse to revisit their native shores. Interesting news dealing with the recent activity of the Junta has reached Washington via the Philippines. According to these reports the Junta has been in communication with prominent Japanese in the Mikado's country in order to sound their sentiments. The purpose of the Junta is said to be a transfer of the islands to Japan, by either peaceful or warlike means. Peaceful means are first to be exhausted and the Junta urges Japan to begin negotiations with the United States for the purchase of the archipelago, promising success of such a plan because of the alleged disposition of a majority of Americans to get rid of the islands. The counter proposition looks forward to seizure of the Philippines under some pretext, after the termination of the war with Russia. Japan is exhorted to preserve Asia for the Asiatics and to promulgate a Monroe doctrine for that part of the world. In case of war, the Junta proclaims, the Filipinos themselves will be found fighting on the side of the Japanese. The members of the Hong Kong Junta are all well known to the American authorities, most of them having been expelled from Manila. The principal members are E. G. Romero, Mariano Ponce, Felipe Agoncillo, Sixto Lopez, Jose Maria Basa, Mariano Marty, Pascual Ledesma and Francisco Dison. Commissioner Garfield of the Bureau of Corporations left today for Topeka, Kansas, to begin the investigation of the Standard Oil Company's method in the Kansas oil fields. Before leaving he said it would be impossible to state the time necessary to complete the inquiry, because it is to be very thorough and details will not be sacrificed to haste. The preliminary work has been completed and the commissioner will find everything ready for him to take hold in person. Yesterday, Mr. Garfield got back from a very long fishing trip to the Gulf of Mexico.

Japanese Minister Takahira called on acting President Taft this morning to announce his early departure for the South. The minister's wound from his recent operation for appendicitis has been troubling him, and his physicians have advised a change of climate for a time. The minister told Mr. Taft that so far as he had been advised there were no new developments in the peace situation between Russia and Japan. His country had as yet received no official overtures for peace, but stood ready at any time to enter upon formal negotiations if requested by Russia. The State Department received a message from Minister Powell at Port-au-Prince, Hayti, this morning, saying that it was reported there that the revolutionists had again become active at Monte Cristi in Santo Domingo. He adds that the Brooklyn, which was sent on his request to protect American interests in Hayti in event of an expected uprising, has proceeded to Monte Cristi to join Admiral Sigsbee at that port. Monte Cristi has been in control of the revolutionists for some time under arrangement of armed neutrality between them and the Santo Domingo government. A. A. Lipscomb and Thos. M. Fields, indicted jointly for the alleged misappropriation of \$15,000 from the Washington Benevolent Endowment Association, appeared in court today. The Title Guaranty and Trust Company, of Scranton, Pa., qualified as Fields' bondsman. Mr. Lipscomb gave bond in the sum of \$5,000. W. W. Stewart becoming his surety. He will be arraigned on Friday.

The United States government, through Secretary of War Taft, has called upon the governments of France, Great Britain and Germany each to recommend a civil engineer to serve on the consulting board of engineers for the Panama canal. The Belgian Minister has received no advice that his government will protest against the receivership arrangement for Santo Domingo, recently entered into between President Morales of that Republic and President Roosevelt.

Arguments were resumed today before the Interstate Commerce in the celebrated differential case, in which New York and Boston contend for the abolition of the freight rate differential in favor of Baltimore and Philadelphia. The rain of today considerably interfered with the attendance upon the case at Benning but still a fair sized crowd was present.

Judge Wing Sustained. Cincinnati, April 5.—Judge Wing's contention in the Chadwick case, that the filing of a writ of error in itself suspends sentence, was sustained in the United States Court of Appeals this morning.

News of the Day.

Thirty-seven bodies have been taken out of the Leiter mine at Zeigler, Ill. The French Cable Company at Caracas, Venezuela, yesterday appealed from the decision of the president of the highest court to the entire court.

The democrats carried Parkersburg, W. Va., at the city election yesterday, electing the Mayor, one member of the Board of Affairs, the Collector and two Councilmen.

Three of the five Dutch sailors who had been imprisoned illegally in Venezuela for seven months, and against whose detention the government of the Netherlands had protested, have been released.

The five packages of letters taken from J. Morgan Smith and his wife in Cincinnati, and believed to have an important bearing on the Nan Patterson case, were delivered to District Attorney Jerome in New York.

It is now said that Vice-President James Hazen Hyde, of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, will turn the tables on President James W. Alexander and try to outbid him. Messrs. Hyde and Alexander gave out letters attacking each other.

THE ELECTIONS.

Judge E. F. Dunne, democrat, was yesterday elected mayor of Chicago over J. W. Harlan, republican, by nearly 25,000 majority. Both candidates interpret the result as a decisive victory for municipal ownership. Judge Dunne had the distinction of receiving the greatest vote ever cast in Chicago for a candidate for the office of mayor. He was given 161,659 votes out of a total of 322,373. Mr. Harlan, the republican candidate, received 137,411; Collins, the socialist candidate, 20,323, and Stewart, prohibition, 2,980. John F. Smulski, the republican candidate for city attorney, was re-elected over his democratic opponent by nearly 15,000 votes. The other candidate on the democratic ticket were elected by pluralities somewhat smaller than Judge Dunne's. Frederick W. Block was elected city treasurer, and Adrian C. Anson city clerk. The new city council will probably be republican. In the city election two years ago Harrison, democrat, defeated Stewart, republican, by 7,660 plurality. The city, however, was carried by the republicans in the presidential election last fall by a heavy plurality.

The St. Louis municipal election yesterday marked one of the most heated political contests in years. The polls did not close until 7 o'clock and the returns came in slowly. At midnight returns from 230 out of a total of 405 precincts showed for mayor: John A. Talty (rep.), 24,615; Rolla Wells (dem.), 24,029.

Elections were held in the larger cities of Kansas yesterday. The democrats carried Kansas City, Kan., and Leavenworth, this being a revolution and entirely unlooked for in each case. Tokyo elected a republican ticket. In Wisconsin yesterday the following cities elected republican mayors: Racine, Whitewater, Sparta, Oshkosh, Fox Lake, and Virgo. The following cities elected democratic mayors: Berlin, Lacrosse and Monroe.

Senator Martin.

Friends of Senator Martin appear to be pleased with Gov. Montague's speech. From what can be learned it could not have been surpassed as a campaign utterance designed to help the Albarrele statesman. Senator Martin, who is at his headquarters here, is meeting many callers and giving all the time he can spare to his correspondence, which has grown to enormous proportions.

Colonel S. M. Newhouse, Captain Edwin Gibson, Lieutenant Edwin Slaughter and Charles Kilby and B. C. Waite, all of Culpeper county, were callers at the headquarters of Senator Martin today. The gentlemen are enthusiastic in their support of the senator and say that Culpeper county is certain to go for him. They place the majority at 500 to 700.

"If Martin has in twelve years accomplished as much as he has while a messenger and runner in the departments," said Col. Newhouse, "it seems to me that the proper thing for the people of the State to do is to reward the faithful, diligent and loyal and promote him to the Senate. You can print that for me."

Colonel Newhouse says that he is confident that Culpeper will go for William for governor, Ellyson for lieutenant-governor and that Colonel Caton will be close to Mr. Ellyson in the wind-up. "And just add a line for me," said B. C. Waite, a business man from Culpeper, "and say that Swanson is going to carry Culpeper, Colonel Newhouse to the contrary. Swanson will get 500 majority."

—[Richmond News Leader.]

Terrific Explosion.

In a terrific explosion that blew to pieces one of the brick buildings of the Union Metallic Cartridge Company in Bridgeport, Conn., shortly before the close of the day's work yesterday three men were instantly killed. Great crowds gathered, and in the panic that followed women fainted and made frantic efforts to get within the walls surrounding the plant, as it was reported that many lives were lost. They were held in check, however, and the employees in the other buildings made their escape in safety.

The apparent horror of the situation was increased by the breaking out of fire and the appearance of ambulances and morgue wagons which rattled up to the factory. A few moments after the explosion occurred the fire department arrived on the scene and succeeded in checking the flames quickly.

The only man in the building at the time—John Meary—was blown through the roof with a mass of debris and came down dead. Two helpers, Michael Hurley and William Bayless working near the building, also were killed. The explosion occurred in the dry-house, where primer caps are dried on long steam pipes. In some manner one of the caps was discharged and the explosion followed. The foundation of every building was shaken as if by an earthquake, and the explosion was felt in houses within a radius of a mile. Superintendent Ryland said last night that the loss to the company would be about \$30,000.

Mrs. Percy Cundy, aged 23 years, of Patchogue, L. I., while walking with her husband in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, this morning, shot herself in the head. She is said to be demented. She is in the hospital and will probably die. Her husband is under arrest.

Virginia News.

The Garrison homestead, near Garrisonville, in Stafford county, owned by Auditor John W. Garrison, of the District of Columbia, was destroyed by fire Monday night.

Arthur F. Pitkin, son of the millionaire president of the American Locomotive Company, was married at Grace Street Presbyterian Church, Richmond, yesterday, to Miss Elise Hartman.

Miss Sallie Osburn, daughter of Decatur Osburn, of Purcellville, Loudoun county, was married yesterday afternoon to Samuel Milton Chiles, county treasurer of Frederick county, and a resident of Winchester.

Messrs. Davis & Davis, Washington patent attorneys, report the grant this week, to citizens of this State, of the following patents: Chester A. Wilson, of Pleasant Valley, for a sawmill set-work; Craddock-Terry Company, of Lynchburg, a label for shoes.

The cornerstone box of the Pine Street A. M. E. Church at Suffolk was robbed Monday night. Thieves went beneath the building and pulled out the box from the inside. A few coins and curios were taken, but the Bible and the rest of the contents were left beneath the building. No arrests have been made.

The vestry of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church on Monday extended a call to Rev. Edward Temple, pastor of the church at Waco, Tex. Mr. Temple is a Virginian by birth, and has held a number of charges in this State. Christ Church has been without a rector since Rev. Nelson P. Dame accepted a call to the church at Ossining, N. Y.

The Capital Rebuilding Commission has been called to meet in the governor's office in Richmond on Friday to consider the awarding of the contract for the light, heat and power plant to be erected in connection with the Capitol. Work on the Capitol is progressing rapidly, and it will probably be ready when the legislature meets there in regular session next January.

A Dangerous Lunatic.

An insane man who gives his name as J. Everest Worthington, whose former place of residence the police have been unable to learn, has been captured within the block of the State-house, in Topeka, Kansas, where he said he was going to kill Gov. E. W. Hoch. The man was unarmed, but had a powerful build and undoubtedly would have handled the chief executive roughly had he not been intercepted. Worthington is now in the county jail, and will be sent to an asylum.

Communication with the man is held by means of written questions and answers, as he pretends to be deaf and dumb. In answer to a question in regard to what his purpose was for the governor, Worthington said: "I was inspired by Pyrus, the god of fire, to come to Topeka and kill Gov. Hoch. I have sworn eternal vengeance against all statesmen who pretend that they are self-made men. If it had not been for his officer who captured me Gov. Hoch would have been no more, for when I was arrested I was on my way to the capitol to kill him. One who has risen from obscurity to a high place is the worst enemy of the impecunious genteel. Therefore I hate Hoch."

Worthington dresses well and has the appearance of a man of intelligence. He is tall and strong and has red hair and blue eyes.

January and May.

A romance begun at the telephone switchboard in the Grand Union Hotel in New York last fall is to result in the marriage of Miss Anna Bennett, aged 22, formerly operator there, and E. R. Whitney, a Montreal capitalist, 50 years her senior, well known in the Wall street district, and said to be worth \$200,000. It was through a request for a telephone number that Mr. Whitney first became acquainted with the girl. The calls became frequent, and the acquaintance grew. There were dinner and theater parties, and finally last week he asked the all-important question, and she said "yes."

She resigned from the service of the telephone company Saturday. On the same day Mr. Whitney left the hotel and moved to the Hotel Astor, where he is at present. At the Astor yesterday Mr. Whitney acknowledged the engagement, although he said he would have preferred to keep it quiet for the present. "It will be my second marriage," he said, "my first wife having died two years ago. I was always opposed to the idea of second marriages, but I had not met Miss Bennett then. It is true there is a great difference in our ages, nearly 50 years, but she does not object, and neither do my parents. I regard myself as extremely lucky." With her husband she will take an extended tour of Europe.

Wedding.

Harry Kendall Thaw and Miss Evelyn Florence Nesbit were quietly married at 5 o'clock yesterday evening at the home of Rev. William L. McEwan, pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church. No announcement of the wedding had been made, and none but members of the two families were present at the ceremony. The witnesses were Mrs. William Thaw, the groom's mother; his brother, Josiah Thaw, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Holman, stepfather and mother of the bride. The wedding dinner was partaken of at Mrs. William Thaw's residence, after which the newly wedded couple left on their honeymoon, presumably going east. The groom has been before the public and several occasions and is well known. His father, William Thaw, was one of Pittsburgh's foremost millionaire business men, and prominently connected with the early development of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Miss Nesbit is the daughter of Wingfield Scott Nesbit, a former well-known Pittsburgh attorney, who died a number of years ago. Her mother recently married Charles J. Holman, a broker, in Pittsburgh. Miss Nesbit several years ago was a light opera singer.

Fewer Gallons Wears Longer. Fewer gallons; takes less of Devco Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

Make the breath as sweet as a rose by curing Indigestion and Sour Stomach with Kodol Peppermint Cure. A pleasant, palatable, re-constructive tissue-building digestant. E. L. Babcock, Amherst, Minn., says: "I have taken a great many remedies for indigestion, but have found nothing equal to Kodol Peppermint Cure." Kodol digests what you eat, cures indigestion, dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Belching, Heartburn and all Stomach Troubles. Great care is used in the preparation of Kodol—the greatest digestant that has ever been discovered. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Son, 924 Queen street.

Today's Telegraphic News

The Chicago Election.

Chicago, April 5.—Judge Edward F. Dunne, democrat, defeated John Maynard Harlan, republican, for Mayor, Tuesday, by a plurality of 24,454.

At the same time, the voters of Chicago were electing a democratic mayor, who chose a city council more strongly republican than has sat in the city hall for years. The political complexion of the body is:

Republicans, 37; democrats, 32, and independents, 1. Mayor-elect Dunne, within an hour of the knowledge of his elevation to the city's chief office, proclaimed that he was confident of giving the people the municipal ownership of their street railways by the end of his two-year term of office.

From a survey of the new city council membership, as regards probable action on municipal ownership of street railways, friends of the corporations today assert that they are not fearful of the results of any legislation that may come before the councilmanic body. In fact, it is asserted in some quarters that, despite Mayor-elect Dunne's militant programme, the council will be a safe neutralizing agent. Practically the same men who were in control of the last council will retain control of the next one. There will be no radical changes in the important committees and no important shifts in matters of policy.

Russia's Internal Troubles.

Berlin, April 5.—Dispatches received from St. Petersburg indicate that despite the official denials of serious trouble, the internal difficulties of Russia are fast approaching a crisis. Preparations for armed resistance are being made in the Caucasus and an army is being raised to oppose the troops. The rebellion is spreading throughout the entire region. It is reported that 10,000 armed rebels have gathered in the mountains and have elected a king. Eight thousand revolutionary workers from Batoum, Baku, and Poti are on the way to reinforce this force. Sixty other rebel contingents numbering 2,000, 1,600, 1,300, 1,000, 900, and 400 men, respectively, are operating in different parts of the Caucasus. The plan is to bring all the revolutionary forces together in the mountains. If this can be accomplished it would give the king an army of over 25,000 men. The present government cannot spare more than 5,000 men to oppose the revolutionaries. Military authorities express the opinion that in view of the spread of the rebellion, it will take a decade to fully pacify the Caucasus again. The workmen at Batoum and Poti have exacted a six-hour work day and unprecedented rates of payment for their labor. They are complete masters of the situation. Serious trouble in these districts is anticipated.

The Earthquake in India.

Lahore, British India, April 5.—Reports which are coming in from the hill stations constantly increase the list of casualties and the figures as to the amount of damage done by the earthquake which was felt over a wide territory yesterday. Exact figures are not yet obtainable, but the number of deaths is sure to be large. The destruction of the native houses in the districts affected was general. Last night many women and children were forced to sleep in the open air, and suffered greatly from the frost and cold. There is a lack of food at Delhi and Simla and other cities are similarly affected. Great havoc was wrought at Dharmasala, a hill station. The native quarter was entirely obliterated, and almost the entire population was buried in the ruins. Most of the houses in the European quarter were wrecked and nine deaths have been reported. The town is located in the Punjab province and had a population of between 5,000 and 6,000. Those of the natives who escaped are sleeping on the hillside. Indescribable havoc was wrought in the town. There is a total lack of medical aid or of food and the distress is unparalleled in the history of the country. A special relief party was sent out this morning to assist the survivors.

Suit for Divorce.

New Brunswick, N. J., April 5.—The announcement here today that Dr. Wm. M. Moore had instituted divorce proceedings on statutory grounds against his wife, created much surprise. Mrs. Moore, who was formerly Miss Hattie Slack, daughter of Dr. C. M. Slack, formerly surgeon General of the Third Regiment, National Guard and her husband separated some weeks ago. She is now at her father's home. Dr. Moore names a bank cashier a former resident of this city, as co-respondent. A strange coincidence in the case is that the name of the cashier's sister was connected with that of the doctor by gossip at the time he and his wife separated. The suit involves the custody of their child, a girl eight years old.

The St. Louis Election.

St. Louis, April 5.—Mayor Rolla Wells was elected yesterday, his plurality being 1,425. The democrats elected 26 of the 45 officers for whom the people balloted exclusive of the Board of Education. The democratic ticket for the principal executive officers prevailed, such as the president of the Board of Public Improvements and president of the City Council and a few minor offices. The republicans elected all but one councilman. Of the House of Delegates membership the democrats secured nineteen and the republicans nine. The charter amendments proposition to increase the debt by issuing bonds to the amount of \$9,000,000 was overwhelmingly defeated.

The Czar.

London, April 5.—Henry Labouchere in an article which appears in Truth says: "From what I hear from a person who is certainly likely to know what happens at the Russian court, I believe the stories about the Czar's depression and despair are false. On the contrary he follows his usual avocations. Nothing that has transpired seems to have had any effect on his spirits. This only confirms the view that never was a man more unfit to be the autocrat of an empire."

Full of Tragical Meaning.

are these lines from J. H. Simmons, of Casey, Ia. Think what might have resulted from this terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes. "I had a fearful cough that disturbed my night's rest. I tried everything, but nothing could relieve it, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me. Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At E. S. Leadbeater & Son, druggists; guaranteed; 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

The President in Kansas.

Parson, Kan., April 5.—President Roosevelt and party arrived in this city at 7:36 o'clock this morning, four minutes ahead of time, and made the only stop in Kansas, here, while the engines were changed. Fully 5,000 people had gathered at the station and anticipated seeing the President. Two minutes after the train stopped, the President appeared in his private car, and was greeted by cheers. The President continuously bowed and stepping to either side of the platform, said: "My friends, I am glad to be able to greet you. I am glad and proud to be able to greet a Kansas audience. This is a great State, a State with almost unlimited possibilities. I have always had a warm spot in my heart for Kansas, and especially since you people showed your confidence in me by giving me such a magnificent majority last fall. You Kansans have always performed your duty as citizens all along the line. It is not possible for any man in any position to do any more. When a man does the best he can, he has done well, no matter how little he may accomplish." Pointing to a gray haired veteran near him, President Roosevelt continued: "There stands a man who served his country in the civil war. He did his duty and did it well. That is what each can do. It is what I am striving to do, and that is all any of us can do."

Dynamite on the Track.

Sedalia, Mo., April 5.—Several sticks of dynamite were found near Montrose, Mo., yesterday, on the tracks over which the presidential special passed early today. Track walkers picked up three sticks of the explosive which were lying between the rails. A short distance away some boys found more of the dynamite. The greatest precautions are exercised now. Efforts are being made to hush the matter up. After seven o'clock yesterday no one was allowed on the right of way. About 150 men were on duty on the tracks and switches during the night.

The Nan Patterson Trial.

New York, April 5.—The third trial of Nan Patterson, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, will begin on Monday before Recorder Goff, according to the announcement made at the District Attorney's office this morning. The grand jury had before them this morning John R. Patterson, father of the chorus girl, for over an hour and a half. Mr. Patterson was brought before that body on a subpoena issued soon after the receipt of the mysterious letters signed "H. L." found among the effects of J. Morgan Smith and his wife, sister of Nan Patterson, when they were arrested in Cincinnati. What significance the calling of Mr. Patterson might have as well as the call of Mrs. Young the widow of the dead man to Assistant District Rand is not clearly conjecture. It is known, however, that Mrs. Young called at the earnest request of the assistant district attorney, and it is believed was for the comparing the handwriting of the letters with that of persons whose names have already been mentioned in the case.

Cincinnati, April 5.—Judge Smith this morning proposed the hearing of the requisition for J. Morgan Smith and his wife until next Monday on request of both the prosecution and the defense. Judge Smith decided that the defendants should be released on \$5,000 bond each. Attorney Shay, for the prisoners, said that bond would probably be furnished.

King Edward's Visit to France.

Marseilles, April 5.—The British royal yacht Victoria and Albert, with Queen Alexandra and her party aboard, arrived here this morning. Salutes were exchanged between the yacht and the forts on the land. The vessel anchored in the National basin and Mr. Guesley, the British consul, greeted the queen on board the yacht. A police guard was stationed on the quay, but no troops were called out.

Marseilles, April 5.—As a measure of precaution during the visit of King Edward, the principal known anarchists have been arrested and imprisoned temporarily. Others as well as suspected revolutionaries are being closely watched by detectives. Applications of journalists for a photograph of the royal visitors were refused.

Killed in a Duel.

Berlin, April 5.—The first duel having a fatal termination which has occurred in Berlin since 1900 was fought today in Hazenbude Park, in the center of the city, between Baron Koblenzky and Herr Hilpitz, an engineer. Pistols were the weapons used, the duellists standing fifteen paces apart. Under the terms the combatants were to continue firing until one should be disabled. Baron Koblenzky's first bullet pierced Hilpitz's stomach and liver, inflicting a mortal wound. The injured man was conveyed to a hospital, where he died two hours later. A difference of political opinions led to the duel.

The Kaiser at Naples.

Naples, April 5.—Kaiser Wilhelm arrived here this morning on board the Hamburg. The Imperial yacht Hohenzollern was awaiting his majesty and the emperor at once went on board where he received the Duke of Aosta, the German Ambassador and the civil and military authorities. King Victor Emmanuel will arrive here tomorrow to meet the Kaiser. He will be entertained at dinner on board the Hohenzollern. In the evening the sovereigns and their suites, will attend a performance of "Rosaudi Berlin," at the San Carlo Opera House.

The Panama Canal.

Birmingham, Eng., April 5.—The Post says it is in a position to state that negotiations have commenced between the British and American governments affecting the future of the Panama canal. It is possible that when the canal is completed questions will arise as to the diversion of trade from Cuba and the West Indies, which at present are used largely as depots for the distribution of manufactures among the ports on the mainland, and the negotiations deal with such matters.

Russians Driven Out.

Tokio, April 5.—A dispatch received from the headquarters of the army in Manchuria says: "A part of our force from Changtu drove off the Russians occupying Tushu, two miles north of Changtu and Suniencheng, nine miles west of Tushu, on Monday, and occupied both. After driving off the Russians in the neighborhood of Samiautsu, at noon on Tuesday our force reached the vicinity of Santaoku forcing 900 Russian cavalry to retreat and disperse."

Bankrupt Inventor.

Boston, April 5.—Moody Boynton, of West Newbury, inventor of the bicycle railroad and of numerous other ingenious devices, and widely known as an ardent advocate of the greenback currency, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. The liabilities are placed at \$106,101.32, and assets of only \$300. There about 50 creditors and about thirty of these have claims and judgments against him as indorsers of notes for borrowed money.

Miners Hitting.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 5.—Sheriff Furbe, of Fairmont, has been called to Howell, where a riot has been in progress two days at the mines among the foreign miners because some of their number had been laid off. They have throwing stones and firing an occasional shot into the mine. It is alleged that they seek the life of Superintendent J. W. Limbrats.

No Prospect for Peace.

St. Petersburg, April 5.—The Novoe Vremya in an inspired article attacks the attempts of President Roosevelt at meditation and says that peace at the present time is impossible.

New York Stock Market.

New York, April 5.—Nearly all of the leading brokers expected that the market would decline far more than it did on the announcement of the proposed issue of \$100,000,000 new Union Pacific preferred stock. The crowd in Union Pacific was very large, over 200 brokers having orders or an interest in initial trading. As soon as the going started there was a scramble and a general tangle of the crowd, the stock selling at 130 to 130 1/4 at the same time, and 18,000 shares were reported as the amount of the opening sales. C. B. MacDonald continued buying and did most of the work in forcing the price back to above 131. There is a good deal of guessing as to the payments for the issue of new preferred stock. One of the closest associates of E. P. Harrison said that the issue was a step in the consummation of what is regarded as the Vanderbilt deal and that he had the strongest reasons for saying that a Union Pacific-New York Central administration was completed two months ago.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Morris Levy, manager of the Rival Hayes Valley Club at San Francisco, has matched Joe Gans and Battling Nelson for a fight. Levy hopes to pull off the battle this month. There are no weight stipulations in the Gans match.

President Muller, of the Bergher & Eagle Brewing Company, in Philadelphia whose wife was killed in a runaway accident, early yesterday morning and who collapsed when he learned of her death, is in a precarious condition today and the doctors report that they fear a second and fatal collapse if he attempts to attend the funeral on Friday.

John Calmus, aged 19, of No. 1226 Spring Garden street, Philadelphia, who was arrested on March 25, in the hotel Netherlands,